## APPENDIX II

## Factor Analysis Results

## Detailed Results of Factors 1 to 10

## Factor 1

The first factor, by definition, represents that (linear) combination of variables which explains the largest proportion of variance of all the variables. Here, the first factor explains exactly $49.6 \%$ of the total variance and therefore represents the dominant influence. Based on the variable-factor correlations given below, it relates the socio-economic/demographic variables to variables representing health conditions, on one hand, and variables measuring the use of resources on the other. Schematically,


The factor-variable correlations are given below.
Table 1: Socio-economic, Demographic Variables

| Variable | Factor 1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Aboriginal Population (based on Identity) | 0.964 |
| Socioeconomic factor index | 0.936 |
| Unemployment rate - Females 15 years and over | 0.913 |
| Unemployment rate - Males 15 years and over | 0.906 |
| Both sexes Age 20+ with less than grade 9 schooling | 0.903 |
| Single parent families | 0.908 |
| Fertility rate female ages 15-49 | 0.957 |
| Teen Pregnancy female ages 15-19 | 0.943 |
| Visible Minority Population | 0.437 |
| Male Population | 0.640 |
| Median census total income in 2000 for females | -0.858 |
| Median census total income in 2000 for males | -0.876 |
| Median census family income in 2000 | -0.850 |
| Both sexes Age 20 years and over with High School certificate or more | -0.866 |
| Population Ages 45-64 | -0.717 |

[^0]Table 2: Mortality Variables

| Variable | Factor 1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mortality Rate, females | 0.400 |
| Mortality Rate, males | 0.523 |
| Premature mortality rate, females | 0.676 |
| Premature mortality rate, males | 0.703 |
| Infant Mortality | 0.568 |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, females | 0.810 |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, males | 0.851 |
| Deaths due to Injury, females | 0.581 |
| Deaths due to Injury, males | 0.786 |

Table 3: Health Conditions

| Variable | Factor 1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Chlamydia, females | 0.952 |
| Chlamydia, males | 0.913 |
| Gonorrhea, females | 0.936 |
| Gonorrhea, males | 0.909 |
| Hepatitis C Virus | 0.900 |
| Hepatitis B Virus | 0.494 |
| Tuberculosis | 0.878 |
| Incidence of Diabetes Age 20-49 | 0.929 |
| Incidence of Diabetes Age 50-69 | 0.897 |
| Incidence of Diabetes Age 70+ | 0.070 |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 20-49 | 0.945 |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 50-69 | 0.951 |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 70+ | 0.648 |
| Total respiratory morbidity treatment prevalence | 0.852 |
| Stroke treatment prevalence | 0.549 |
| Prematurity (Preterm births) | 0.758 |
| Number of tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy procedures | -0.471 |
| High Birth Weight, Livebirths | -0.478 |
| Caesarean sections | -0.762 |
| Breastfeeding initiation | -0.967 |

Table 4: Use of Resources

| Variable | Factor 1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Days used for long stays | 0.519 |
| Days used for short stays | 0.623 |
| Hospitalization rates for injuries | 0.822 |
| Visits to General and Family Practioners | 0.764 |
| Use of physicians | 0.615 |
| Residents with 1 or more prescriptions | 0.530 |
| Average Number of different prescriptions dispensed | 0.778 |
| Average Number of antibiotic prescriptions dispensed | 0.930 |
| Residents using antibiotics during 2-year period | 0.899 |
| One-year immunization | -0.880 |
| 2-year immunization | -0.852 |
| 7-year immunization | -0.865 |


| Mammography Screening | -0.879 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Diagnostic Mammography | -0.919 |
| Cervical Screening | -0.886 |

## Factor 2

Table 5: Socio-economic, Demographic Variables

| Variable | Factor 2 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Population Ages 0-19 | -0.852 |
| Population Ages 20-44 | -0.058 |
| Population Ages 45-64 | -0.209 |
| Population Ages 65-74 | 0.886 |
| Population Ages 75+ | 0.939 |
| Visible Minority Population | -0.510 |
| Female Population | 0.557 |
| Male Population | -0.557 |
| Median census family income in 2000 | -0.301 |
| Single parent families | 0.260 |

Table 6: Mortality Variables

| Variable | Factor 2 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mortality Rate, females | 0.538 |
| Mortality Rate, males | 0.714 |
| Premature mortality rate, females | 0.663 |
| Premature mortality rate, males | 0.614 |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, females | 0.239 |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, males | 0.283 |
| Deaths due to Injury, females | 0.581 |
| Deaths due to Injury, males | 0.357 |

Table 7: Health Conditions

| Variable | Factor 2 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cancer incidence | 0.966 |
| Number of CT scans | 0.903 |
| Number of total hip replacements | 0.901 |
| Number of total knee replacements | 0.798 |
| Number of cataract replacements | 0.861 |
| Number of cardiac catheterizations | 0.843 |
| Stroke treatment prevalence | 0.682 |
| Number of angioplasty procedures | 0.664 |
| Number of coronary bypass surgeries | 0.651 |
| Hypertension treatment prevalence | 0.723 |
| Number of hysterectomies, women aged 25 years+ | -0.415 |
| Number of caesarean sections | -0.201 |

Table 8: Use of Resources

| Variable | Factor 2 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number of new home care cases | 0.926 |
| Total number of open cases of home care | 0.913 |
| Number of home care cases closed | 0.845 |


| Average number of days of home care received | 0.736 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Days used for short stays | 0.762 |
| Days used for long stays | 0.717 |
| Separation Rates | 0.777 |
| Ambulatory consultations | 0.777 |
| Ambulatory visits | 0.574 |
| Hospitalization rates for injuries | 0.441 |
| Use of physicians | 0.459 |
| Residents with 1 or more prescriptions | 0.652 |
| Number of different prescriptions dispensed | 0.554 |
| Number of residents aged 75+ admitted to PCH, first time | 0.679 |
| Number of residents aged 75+ who were in a PCH | 0.658 |

## Factor 3

Table 9:

| Variable | Factor 3 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male Population | 0.374 |
| Number of residents aged 75+ admitted to PCH, first time | 0.417 |
| Number of residents aged 75+ who were in a PCH | 0.420 |
| High Birth Weight, Livebirths | 0.384 |
| Visible Minority Population | -0.482 |
| Hypertension treatment prevalence | -0.482 |

Table 10:

| Variable | Factor 3 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, females | 0.382 |
| Potential Years of Life Lost, males | 0.344 |
| Deaths due to Injury, males | 0.328 |
| Deaths due to Injury, females | 0.252 |
| Premature mortality rate, males | 0.248 |
| Hospitalization rates for injuries | 0.249 |
| Hepatitis C Virus | 0.278 |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 70+ | -0.254 |
| Proportion of residents receiving 2+ Rx anti-depressants | 0.286 |

## Factor 4

Factor 4 which accounts for $4.2 \%$ of the 91 variables correlates with the following variables.
Table 11:

| Variable | Factor 4 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 2 | 0.772 |
| Mortality Rate, females | 0.491 |
| Visits to General and Family Practioners | 0.479 |
| Number of coronary bypass surgeries | 0.380 |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 70+ | 0.344 |
| Use of physicians | 0.338 |
| Deaths due to Injury, females | 0.329 |


| Residents with 1 or more prescriptions | 0.268 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ambulatory visits | 0.253 |
| Infant Mortality | -0.458 |
| Number of caesarean sections | -0.393 |
| Number of residents aged 75+ admitted to PCH, first time | -0.268 |
| Average Number of days of home care received per case | -0.254 |

## Factor 5

Factor 5 accounts for $2.9 \%$ of the total variance of the 91 variables and correlates with the following variables.

Table 12:

| Variable | Factor 5 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Hepatitis B Virus | 0.732 |
| Tuberculosis | 0.397 |
| Visible Minority Population | 0.398 |
| Ambulatory consultations | 0.283 |
| Use of physicians | 0.280 |
| Ambulatory visits | 0.280 |
| Chlamydia, males | 0.252 |
| Infant Mortality | 0.271 |
| Both sexes Age 20 years and over with High School certificate or more | 0.255 |
| Average number of days of home care received per case | 0.289 |

## Factor 6

This factor accounts for $2.5 \%$ of the total variance of all 91 variables.

Table 13:

| Variable | Factor 6 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Prevalence of Diabetes Age 70+ | 0.478 |
| Incidence of Diabetes Age 70+ | 0.859 |
| Number of hysterectomies, women aged 25 years+ | 0.512 |
| Mortality Rate, females | -0.295 |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 3 | 0.272 |
| Prematurity (Preterm births) | -0.293 |
| Median census total income in 2000 for females | -0.251 |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 4 | -0.301 |
| Number of tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy procedures | 0.247 |

## Factor 7

Factor 7 which accounts for $2.3 \%$ of the total variance of all 91 variables correlates with the following variables.

Table 14:

| Variable | Factor 7 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Population Ages 20-44 | 0.880 |
| Single parent families | 0.251 |
| Number of cataract replacements | 0.293 |
| Population Ages 45-64 | -0.534 |
| Median census family income in 2000 | -0.335 |
| Mortality Rate, females | -0.329 |
| Hypertension treatment prevalence | -0.307 |
| Stroke treatment prevalence | -0.259 |
| Median census total income in 2000 for males | -0.285 |
| Median census total income in 2000 for females | -0.251 |

## Factor 8

Factor 8 which accounts for $1.8 \%$ of the total variance of the 91 variables correlates with the following variables.

Table 15:

| Variable | Factor 8 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, all <br> levels | 0.818 |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 4 | 0.628 |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 3 | 0.368 |
| Infant Mortality | 0.303 |
| residents with 1 or more prescriptions | 0.249 |
| Prematurity (Preterm births) | -0.410 |
| Number of coronary bypass surgeries | -0.364 |
| High Birth Weight, Livebirths | -0.257 |

## Factor 9

Factor 9 which accounts for $1.7 \%$ of the total variance of the 91 variables correlates with the following variables.

Table 16:

| Variable | Factor 9 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 1 | 0.759 |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 4 | -0.250 |
| Infant Mortality | 0.291 |
| Both sexes Age 20 years and over with High School certificate or more | 0.269 |
| Proportion of residents receiving 2+ Rx anti-depressants | 0.263 |
| Number of tonsillectomy and/or adenoidectomy procedures | -0.553 |
| 2-year immunization | -0.255 |
| One-year immunization | -0.249 |

## Factor 10

Factor 10 which accounts for $1.5 \%$ of the total variance of the 91 variables correlates with the following variables.

Table 17:

| Variable | Factor 10 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Median Length of Stay by Level of Care at Admission to Personal Care Home, level 3 | 0.603 |
| Number of angioplasty procedures | -0.372 |
| Use of physicians | -0.278 |
| 7 -year immunization | -0.265 |
| Number of cardiac catheterizations | -0.264 |

## Factor Scores

| Community Area | Neighbourhood Cluster | Factor 1 | Factor 2 | Factor 3 | Factor 4 | Factor 5 | Factor 6 | Factor 7 | Factor 8 | Factor 9 | Factor 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. James-Assiniboia | 01A | -0.50 | 0.47 | 0.02 | 0.08 | -0.19 | 1.30 | -0.74 | -0.28 | 0.10 | -1.57 |
|  | 01B | -0.23 | 1.61 | 0.15 | -0.25 | -0.81 | -1.03 | -0.35 | 0.41 | -0.51 | -1.98 |
| Assiniboine South | 002 | -0.85 | -0.12 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.49 | 0.59 | -1.28 | -0.25 | 1.42 | 0.32 |
| Fort Garry | 03A | -0.75 | -0.29 | 0.08 | -1.08 | 0.29 | 0.14 | -0.17 | -1.99 | 0.52 | 0.08 |
|  | 03B | -0.47 | -1.03 | -0.47 | -0.67 | -0.36 | 0.23 | 1.00 | -1.42 | 2.10 | 0.27 |
| St. Vital | 04A | -0.33 | 1.22 | -0.40 | 0.03 | -0.31 | 0.27 | 0.77 | 0.26 | -0.17 | -1.07 |
|  | 04B | -0.72 | -1.04 | 1.11 | 1.18 | -0.37 | -0.13 | 0.34 | 0.49 | 0.10 | -0.57 |
| St. Boniface | 05A | -0.31 | 1.58 | 0.71 | 1.23 | 0.26 | 0.40 | 0.90 | 0.90 | -1.47 | 1.84 |
|  | 05B | -0.73 | -0.60 | 0.85 | 1.11 | -0.83 | 0.94 | 0.71 | 0.30 | 0.98 | -1.10 |
| Transcona | 006 | -0.23 | -0.58 | 0.51 | 0.44 | -0.11 | 2.96 | 0.41 | -0.37 | -1.19 | 0.33 |
| River East | 07A | 0.76 | -0.20 | 0.13 | -1.36 | -0.64 | -0.48 | 1.29 | -0.75 | -1.82 | 0.14 |
|  | 07B | -0.57 | 1.47 | -0.93 | -1.35 | 0.38 | 0.84 | -1.37 | 0.16 | -0.55 | 1.15 |
|  | 07C | -0.21 | -0.92 | 0.41 | 0.75 | -0.77 | 0.15 | 0.74 | 0.84 | -0.34 | 0.61 |
|  | 07D | -1.22 | -1.37 | 2.38 | -2.03 | -0.06 | -1.28 | -1.69 | 0.85 | -1.04 | 0.07 |
| Seven Oaks | 08A | 0.10 | -1.08 | -1.77 | 0.26 | 0.83 | 0.51 | -0.67 | 1.63 | -0.41 | 0.62 |
|  | 08B | -0.12 | 1.09 | -1.37 | -0.13 | 0.57 | 0.25 | -1.01 | -0.01 | 0.24 | -0.85 |
|  | 08C | -0.32 | -0.07 | -0.55 | 2.65 | -0.73 | -1.76 | -1.56 | -2.51 | -1.06 | 0.72 |
| Inkster | 09A | 0.18 | -2.17 | -1.95 | 0.40 | 1.38 | -1.07 | 0.29 | 1.06 | -0.58 | -0.90 |
|  | 09B | 1.28 | -0.12 | -0.75 | -0.56 | -1.12 | -0.21 | 0.45 | -0.18 | -0.64 | -1.05 |
| Point Douglas | 10A | 0.98 | 0.18 | -0.82 | -0.89 | -1.60 | -0.09 | 0.51 | 0.17 | 0.32 | 0.12 |
|  | 10B | 3.27 | -0.02 | 1.01 | 0.50 | -1.01 | 0.14 | -1.76 | 0.92 | 1.46 | 0.74 |
| Downtown | 11A | 0.63 | -0.35 | -0.28 | -0.94 | 0.32 | -0.19 | 0.95 | -0.94 | 0.16 | 1.83 |
|  | 11B | 1.84 | 0.39 | 1.53 | 0.27 | 3.40 | -0.01 | 0.50 | -1.00 | -0.17 | -1.08 |
| River Heights | 12A | -1.00 | 0.80 | -0.23 | 0.07 | 0.85 | -0.70 | 0.08 | 0.97 | 1.34 | 0.89 |
|  | 12B | -0.50 | 1.15 | 0.45 | 0.23 | 0.16 | -1.78 | 1.68 | 0.75 | 1.20 | 0.44 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ since the number of males + females $=1000$, the correlation between Factor 1 and the number of females is -0.640

